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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/625,017	07/25/2000	David LeVine	JMBDP002	. 7171	
24271 75	590 03/22/2004		EXAM	EXAMINER	
JOHN ALEXANDER GALBREATH			HAYES, JOHN W		
2516 CHESTNUT WOODS CT REISTERSTOWN, MD 21136			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	·		3621		
			DATE MAILED: 03/22/2004	4	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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•	Application N .	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summans	09/625,017	LEVINE, DAVID			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	John W Hayes	3621			
The MAILING DATE f this communication app Period for Reply	ars on the c ver sheet with the c	rresp ndence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period with the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	ely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23 De	ecember 2003.				
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) This	action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 1-15 and 20 is/are pending in the applied 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-15 and 20 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	n from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner	•				
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ acce	pted or b) objected to by the E	xaminer.			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the d					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction		• •			
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.			
Pri rity under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign pa) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of 	have been received. have been received in Application ty documents have been receive (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No d in this National Stage			
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary (Paper No(s)/Mail Dat 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:				

DETAILED ACTION

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Status of Claims

Applicant has amended claims 1 and 20 in the amendment filed 23 December 2003. Claims 16-19
were previously canceled.. Thus, claims 1-15 and 20 remain pending and are again presented for
examination.

Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-15 and 20 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection. However, examiner respectfully disagrees with applicant's characterization of the Daniele reference. Applicant asserts that Daniele teaches that the use of a single user is sampled to determine the content of that use, and then that content is applied to the entire use of the single user to determine how to divide the single user's fees among the rights holders. Examiner submits that Daniele does not limit the teaching to only one user, but rather discloses multiple user organizations wherein each user organization pays a license fee (Figure 1). Thus, examiner submits that the sampling taught in Daniele is not limited to only one single user, but rather a plurality of users. Daniele discloses sampling the use by the users to determine the percentage of copyright copies and rightsholder percentages, and then allocates royalties to the rightsholders by dividing the license fees of the plurality of user organizations based upon the sampling. Furthermore, the claims do not specifically recite that the total sum of the subscription fees of the plurality of users is divided and allocated to the royalty owners. Given their broadest reasonable interpretation, the recitation "said quantification serving to divide the subscription fees of the plurality of users based on the updated metric" is interpreted to mean simply that each subscription fee payed by each user is divided according to a sample of that users prior use, as taught by Daniele. Applicant also asserts that, in the present invention, the use of a single user is not sampled, but instead, the content of the use of a single user, or a small group of users, serves as a surrogate for the content of use of the entire population. Examiner submits that Fleming, III discloses this feature as shown below.

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3. Receipt is acknowledged of papers submitted under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d), which papers have been placed of record in the file.

Drawings

4. The corrected or substitute drawings were received on 06 May 2003. These drawings are approved by the examiner.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- Claims 1-12, 15 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fleming, III,
 U.S. Patent No. 6,230,204 B1 in view of Daniele, EPO 649 074 A1, published April 1995.

As per <u>Claims 1-6</u>, Fleming, III discloses a business method for quantifying royalty owner rights, the method including a computerized system performing the substantially asynchronous transactional steps of:

- maintaining a registry of a plurality of users (Figure 10; Col. 3, lines 55-63; Col. 4, lines 37-40; Col. 6, lines 52-65);
- providing materials including audio and visual contents and computer software to users by downloading via a distributed data-communications topology (Figure 1; Col. 2, lines 32-46; Col. 3, lines 57-65; Col. 4, lines 23-45 and 52-61; Col. 5, lines 20-35);

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- maintaining a database of materials provided by the system to users of the plurality of users (Figure 10);

- using a substantially packet-based protocol over a distributed data communications topology, communicating with a user of the plurality of users (Figures 1-2);
- from the user, accepting a report of the users prior use of materials provided by the system, the report being a sample of the prior use by the plurality of users (Col. 3 line 57-Col. 4 line 4; Col. 5, lines 53-59; Col. 6, lines 1-5; Col. 7, lines 45-50; Col. 9, lines 30-35 and 57-61);
- from data in the report, convoluting an updated metric of use into respective materials records in the database (Figure 10; Col. 12 line 28-Col. 13 line 10); and

Fleming, III, however, fails to specifically disclose wherein the plurality of users pay subscription fees to access the database and computing a quantification of royalty owner rights for at least one of the respective materials, said quantification serving to divide the subscription fees of the plurality of users based on the updated metric

Daniele discloses a method to measure and accrue copyright royalties and teaches a well known method of determining royalty payments based upon a sampled survey of user's copier usage wherein a users pays a subscription fee for estimated copyright copies (Figure 1; Col. 1 line 32-Col. 2 line 13). Daniele shows statistically convoluting an updated metric of use by analyzing the sample of use and quantifying royalties to authors and publishers based on the sample and further dividing the subscription fees of the users and allocating the fees to the appropriate rightsholders. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify the method of Fleming and provide the ability to compute royalty payments for the owners of the information used as taught by Daniele. Daniele provides motivation by indicating that determining royalty payments using sampling techniques is old and well known and that this method prevents organizations from the requirement to determine the royalty fee for each particular job such as a transaction based system (Col. 1 line 34-Col. 2 line 18). Fleming also provides motivation by indicating that tracking the usage is useful in determining viewing charges assessed by the file owner (Col. 1 line 55-Col. 2 line 15).

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As per <u>Claim 7</u>, Fleming fails to explicitly disclose accepting a request for downloading a plurality of substantially new materials. However, Fleming does disclose that the materials are accessed on the World Wide Web (Col. 4, lines 25-35) and examiner takes Official Notice that requesting new information to be downloaded by the user is well known in the art. Thus, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art, in view of the teachings of Fleming, to allow the user to request a download of new materials when the user wants to view or access additional documents or information as they desire.

As per <u>Claim 8</u>, Logan et al further disclose wherein accepting a report of the users prior use includes an accounting of use since a most recent prior accepting from the user of a report of the users prior use (Col. 9, lines 50-55).

As per <u>Claim 9</u>, Fleming further discloses wherein accepting a report of the user's prior use includes an accounting of cumulative use, substantially since becoming a user (Col. 9, lines 50-55).

As per <u>Claim 10</u>, Fleming further disclose accepting a report of the users prior use including an accounting of the users recent use during a predetermined period of time (Col. 9, lines 50-55).

As per <u>Claim 11</u>, Fleming further discloses wherein maintaining a registry includes a respective profile for each user of a preponderance of the users in the registry (Col. 6 line 52-Col. 7 line 10).

As per <u>Claim 12</u>, Fleming further disclose wherein convoluting includes correlating the updated metric with the respective user profile (Figures 9-10).

As per <u>Claim 15</u>, Fleming further discloses wherein apportioning is extrapolated to represent use by the entire plurality of users (Figure 10 and associated text).

7. Claims 13-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fleming, III, U.S.

Patent No. 6,230,204 B1 and Daniele, EPO 649 074 A1, published April 1995 as applied above and

further in view of Logan et al, U.S. Patent No. 6,199,076 B1.

As per Claims 13-14, Fleming and Daniele fail to disclose wherein the computing includes a

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predetermined contractual based apportioning of royalty owner rights for reported use of respective

materials by the user. Logan et al disclose a predetermined contractual based apportioning of royalty

owner rights for reported used of respective materials by the user (Col. 21, lines 27-60 and Col. 28, lines

24-55). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to

modify the method of Fleming and Daniele and compute the royalty owner rights based on contractual

based apportioning as taught by Logan et al in order to compensate the royalty owners based upon

predetermined contracts.

Conclusion

8. Examiner's Note: Examiner has cited particular columns and line numbers in the references as

applied to the claims below for the convenience of the applicant. Although the specified citations are

representative of the teachings in the art and are applied to the specific limitations within the individual

claim, other passages and figures may apply as well. It is respectfully requested from the applicant, in

preparing the responses, to fully consider the references in entirety as potentially teaching all or part of

the claimed invention, as well as the context of the passage as taught by the prior art or disclosed by the

examiner.

9. The prior art previously made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's

disclosure.

• Gennusa, Chris R., "BMI Is Here to Stay", discloses that accounting firms typically determine royalties

based upon annual samples of U.S. commercial radio-station broadcasts

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 Barritz [5,499,340] discloses a method for computer program usage monitoring and teach a method for accumulating information regarding utilization of various products and versions, and to determine usage patterns by monitoring usage during sampling periods

- Sohraby et al disclose a resource usage measurement system and teach measuring during a sampling interval and these actual measurements are extrapolated to estimate the usage over the larger sampling interval
- Rossides discloses a system for estimating royalties due to a person based upon historical information
- Archibald et al disclose a method that accounts for usage of digital applications and teach the use of a
 meter module to generate accounting information related to usage of content and routing this accounting
 information to a collection agency which credits the publishers
- INDATA [WO 90/02382] discloses an information distribution system and charges the user only for selected information provided. Use fees are accumulated by the user only for information that has been received and the user transmits the accumulated use fees to a central accounting office so that payments can be made to the creators of the content
- Ginter et al disclose transmitting usage reports from the user to a billing entity/clearinghouse and handling of payments of royalties to the content creators
- Dillon discloses an electronic document distribution system including a deferred billing mechanism
- Reeder discloses a usage monitor for monitoring usage of software and communicating the usage information to a central billing station
- Kazmierczak et al disclose a system wherein data usage is metered locally and recorded as a stored data usage record and is later reported by modem to an operations center
- Coffey et al disclose a computer use meter and analyzer for measuring and reporting the use of a computer
- Wolfe et al disclose a system for delivering music and ads to subscribers, determines frequency of play/use and bills advertisers and provides royalties to content providers

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• Taub et al disclose a system for downloading content to schools wherein the school's main computer tracks usage and occasionally reports the usage for payments of royalty.

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10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to John Hayes whose telephone number is (703)306-5447. The examiner can normally be reached Monday through Friday from 5:30 to 3:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jim Trammell, can be reached on (703) 305-9768.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1113.

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After Final communications labeled

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(703) 746-5531 [Informal/Draft communications, labeled "PROPOSED" or "DRAFT"]

Hand delivered responses should be brought to Crystal Park 5, 2451 Crystal Drive, Arlington, VA, 7^{th floor receptionist.}

John W. Hayes
Primary Examiner
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